

ERAM GETTING REAL – MOVING TOWARDS THE CONSTRUCTION OF A SAFE DGR

Interaction between technical requirements and safety analysis

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IGD-TP Exchange Forum 25-27 November 2025, Prague

TOPICS

HISTORY



PHASES OF THE REPOSITORY PROJECT ERAM

SAFETY CONCEPT

REALISATION OF MEASURES

05 CONCLUSION

HISTORY



- ERAM is an old potash- and rocksalt mine
- about 5 Mio m³ open volume (originally 9 Mio m³)
- Deposition of low and intermediate level radioactive waste
- Inventory: 10¹⁴ Bq
- 2009 plan documents for the licensing authority
- 2011 public discussion
- Revision taking into account current knowledge and requirements



PHASES OF THE ERAM REPOSITORY



- Mining (1898 1968)
- Storage of radioactive waste (1981 1998)
- Opening / Decommissioning Planning (since 1992)
- Implementation phase after approval (planned for the early 2030s)









PHASES OF THE ERAM REPOSITORY



TOPICS OF OPTIMIZATION AND RD&D

- Mining
 - maximum yield/profit
- Storage
 - logistical and inventory-related requirements
 - Storage technology

but not: how to realize a safe decommission!

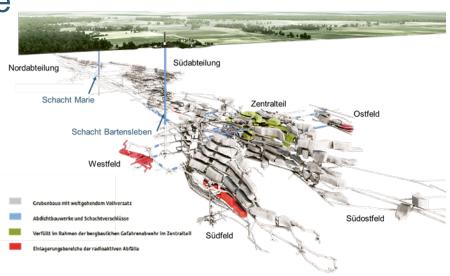
PHASES OF RD&D AND OPTIMIZATION



"DECOMMISSIONING PLANNING" AND "DEMONSTRATION"

- Stability of the mine building (occupational safety)
 - We have improved measurements and evaluation methods (local seismics, deformations) for the observation of the mine building
 - -> Hazard prevention measure





PHASES OF RD&D AND OPTIMIZATION



Aim of decommissioning:

Keep nuclides out of the environment

Based on:

- preventing the inflow of solutions from the overburden
- limiting transport processes within the mine workings

Three main measures:

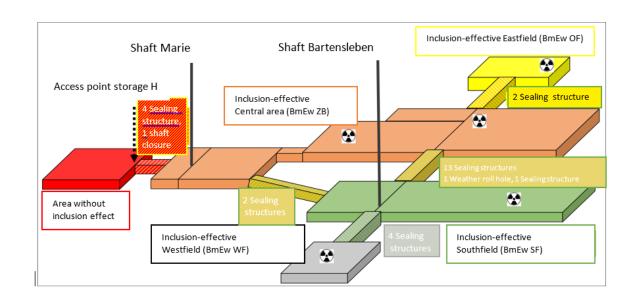
- the extensive backfilling of the mine with salt concrete
- underground sealing structures
- the closure of the two existing shafts



SAFETY CONCEPT

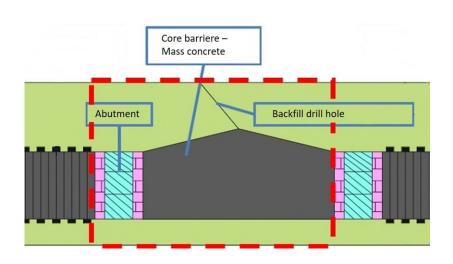


- Safety concept aimed at secure containment is based on:
 - Integrity preservation of the geological barrier
 - Comparison of different decommissioning alternatives
 - Reducing conservatism through improved measurement methods
 - In accordance with updated regulations, the planning and optimization of measures is based on realistic assessments for system development
 - Determination of properties that define barrier characteristics on real structures



DRIFT SEALING MADE OF MAGNESIA MATERIAL





Main Objectives

- quality-assured building material production
- form-fit connection of the building material to the rock salt
- Determination of the relevant geotechnical, geochemical, mechanical and hydraulic parameters after pressurization by gas and solution in order to demonstrate the functionality of the drift sealing segment for the long-term safety assessment
- Development, application and optimization of the planned quality assurance program

Quality-assured building material production





e.g. the (long) path from the lab to real scale...





Form-fit connection







Determination of relevant parameters

- BGE BUNDESGESELLSCHAFT FÜR ENDLAGERUNG
- Reliable measuring instruments (temperature- and solution resistant)
- Instrumentation must not influence the essential measured variables
- Cable routing by using bundling systems, development of wireless systems
- Construction of a pressure chamber







Conclusion



- The different parts of RD&D have varying degrees of importance throughout the project
- Research and development is most important at the beginning
- Demonstrations become more important when the plans have already reached a high level of maturity
- Demands of security-related research should be clarified before the application for approval

But nevertheless:

Further monitoring of the development of project-relevant research topics is essential to assess whether further optimizations are feasible



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