



IGD-TP 5th Exchange Forum 28-30 October 2014, Kalmar, Sweden

The Sustainable Nuclear Energy Technology Platform

Richard Stainsby, NNL, UK

The EC's SET-Plan and the SNETP



- Nuclear fission energy delivers safe, sustainable, competitive, continuous and carbon-free energy to Europe's citizens and industry.
- The Strategic Energy Technology Plan
 (SET-Plan) a collective vision of the EC's
 Stakeholders for fission to contribute to Europe's
 transition to a low-carbon energy mix by 2050.
- SNETP drives the European R&D necessary for nuclear fission to contribute to the SET-Plan.



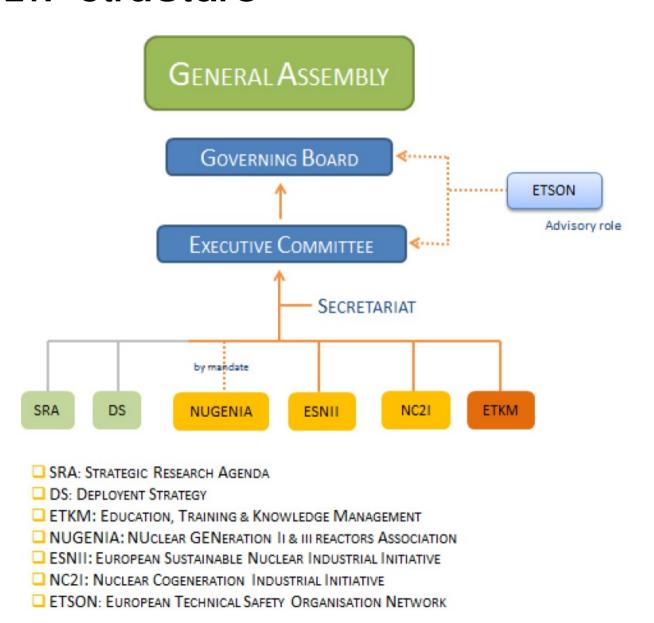


The SNETP Vision

- Achieving sustainable and continuous production low-carbon of energy
- Improving economic performance
- Improving the utilisation of natural resources and minimising waste
- Displacing fossil fuels for non-electrical applications through cogeneration of electricity and process heat
- Continuously improving safety
- Increasing resistance to proliferation



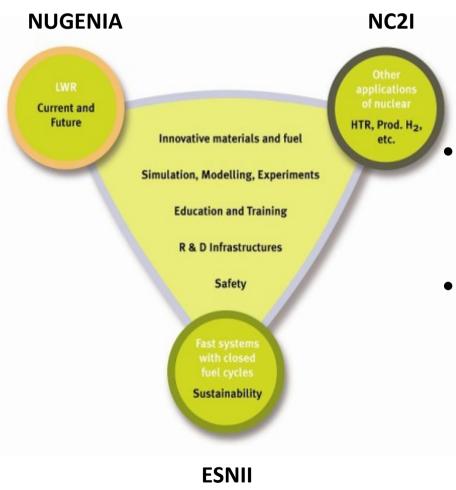
SNETP Structure







The 3 Pillars of SNETP



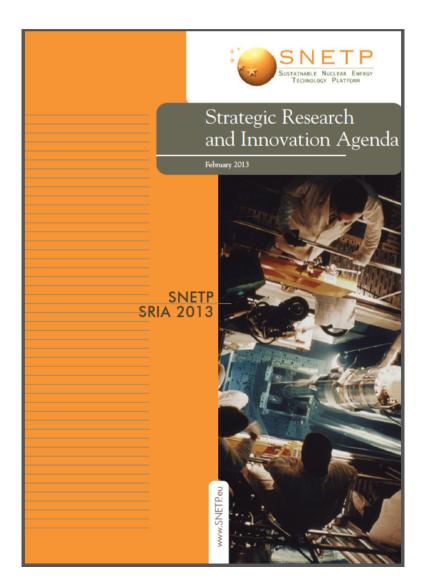
- NUGENIA R&D supporting safe, reliable and competitive operation of Gen II & III reactors.
- ESNII promotes Gen IV fast reactors to preserve resources and to minimise waste.
- NC2I to demonstrate the use of nuclear energy for the lowcarbon cogeneration of process heat and electricity.

Strategic Research & Innovation Agenda



Six R&D domains:

- Safety vision
- Sustainability of the nuclear fuel cycle
- NUSGENIA Gen II & III
- ESNII Gen IV fast reactors
- NC2I Nuclear co-generation
- Cross-cutting R&D topics





SNETP Membership

Today, SNETP gathers more than 100 European stakeholders from:

- Industry
- Research
- Academia
- Technical safety organisations
- Non-governmental organisations
- National representatives



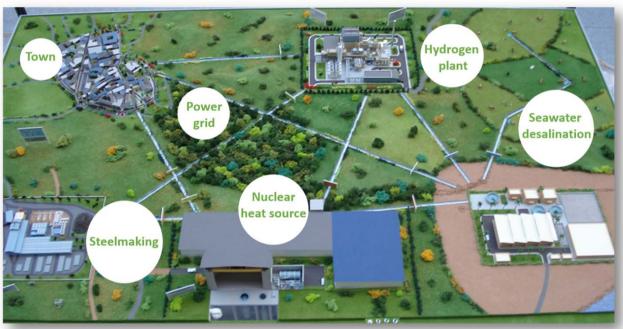
The work of the pillars

 NUGENIA and ESNII pillars are to be covered by subsequent presentations in this session.

 Nuclear Co-generation Industrial Initiative - NC2I

non-electric applications of nuclear energy





Lower temperature applications: e.g., seawater desalination, district heating

- uses for waste heat so can be served by all reactors types
 Higher temperature applications: e.g., chemicals production,
 oil refining, hydrogen production or steelmaking.
 - can only be served by the High Temperature Reactor, or HTR.

SNETP Fuel Cycles Working Group



- In Autumn 2013 SNETP established a crosscutting fuel cycles group
- Purpose of the group is to look at fuel cycle scenarios and associated impacts on disposal within EU member states, accepting that some states wish for:
 - A closed fuel cycle
 - An open fuel cycle
 - Phase-out of nuclear energy
- To attempt an EU-wide view of the fuel cycle whilst respecting the sovereignty of the member states.
- To act as the main interface between SNETP and IGD-TP

SNETP-IGD-TP Collaboration



First activities:

- Joint exchange forums (e.g., this meeting)
- Production of the joint fact sheet on nuclear energy and geological disposal.

Next steps:

- To be discussed today,
 - E.g., elaboration of issues introduced in the fact sheet