



SNETP

An overview of Europe's **Sustainable Nuclear Energy Technology Platform**

About SNETP



- SNETP was set up in 2007 under the auspices of the European Commission, to gather stakeholders building a common vision: industry, research centres, safety organisations, universities, non-governmental organisations, SMEs, etc.
- SNETP's official European Technology Platform label was renewed in 2013.
- The overall goal is to **support technological development** for enhancing safe and competitive nuclear fission in a sustainable energy mix, as part of the EU's **SET-Plan**
 - Low greenhouse gas emissions
 - Security of energy supply for Europe
 - Stable electricity prices
- R&D is necessary to further enhance the safety and sustainability of nuclear fission, and to open new markets
- SNETP has expressed its strategic orientations around three technological pillars, and launched task forces to implement them

Reminder: benefits of nuclear fission for Europe



Nuclear fission...

- Is a massive low-carbon energy source
- Ensures security of energy supply for Europe
- Has an excellent safety record in Europe
- Minimizes its waste with the new generations of nuclear plants
- Benefits from distributed and geopolitically stable uranium supply
- Offers operational availability above 90 %
- Provides economic energy for a competitive European industry and affordable electricity for consumers, independently from fossil fuel price volatility
- Is a sector where Europe has industrial leadership which needs to be maintained

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Hosting organization (if applicable), Participants and their roles (1)



The SNETP is composed by:

- A General Assembly, composed by a representative from each member of the Platform (116 members)
- A **Governing Board** providing guidance on how to initiate and push forward the Platform's work programme composed of approximately 30 members.
- An Executive Committee, monitoring and steering on a day-to-day basis the activities of the Platform (supports the Governing Board) – composed of approximately 15 members.
- A **Secretariat**, providing secretarial and organizational support to the Governing Board, Executive Committee and the General Assembly composed of 5 members.

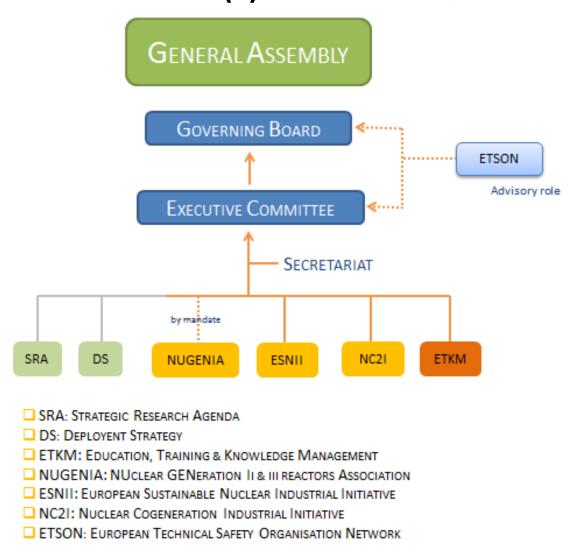
6 Working Groups :

- 2 Strategy WGs: SRA Strategic Research Agenda and DS Deployment Strategy
- 3 Technology WGs: NUGENIA (Nuclear GENeration II & III Association, www.nugenia.org) formally not a working group but operating by mandate of SNETP, ESNII TF European Sustainable Nuclear Industrial Initiative Task Force (under the European SET-Plan) to prepare and implement the Fast Neutron Reactor technologies and NC2I TF- Nuclear Cogeneration Industrial Initiative Task Force. To prepare and implement the nuclear cogeneration R&D activities in Europe
- Horizontal WGs: **ETKM** Education, Training & Knowledge Management

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Hosting organization (if applicable), Participants and their roles (2)







LWR Gen. II and III

Innovative materials and fuels

Simulation and experiments: reactor design, safety, materials and fuels

R&D infrastructures

Safety standards

(V)HTR

Process heat, electricity and H₂



"The first co-generation reactors could (...) appear within the next decade as demonstration projects to test the technology for coupling with industrial processes" **

NUGENIA NUClear GENeration II & III Association

"Maintain competitiveness in fission technologies, together with long-term waste management solutions" *

> Fast systems with closed fuel cycles Sustainability



"Complete the preparations for the demonstration of a new generation (Gen-IV) of fission reactors for increased sustainability" *

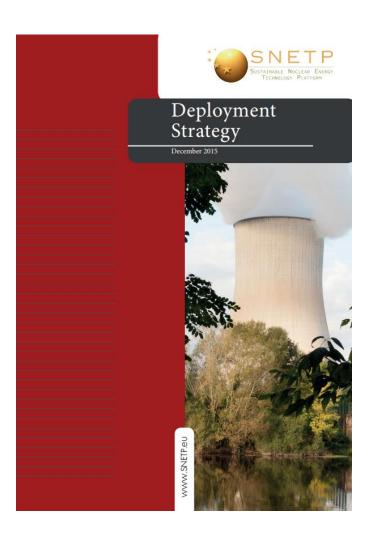
SET Plan Objectives

(*) [COM/2007/0723 final] (**) [COM/2009/0519 final]

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Deployment Strategy 2015





SNETP Deployment Strategy

(Dec 2015)

- Online distribution January/February 2016
- Paper version distribution to all SNETP members March 2016

Contribution of SNETP



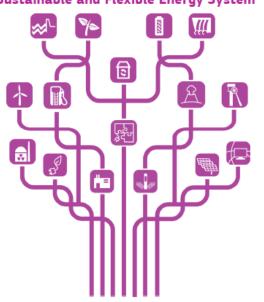
SET Plan Integrated Roadmap and Action Plan

Strategic Energy Technology (SET) Plan

Towards an Integrated Roadmap:
Research & Innovation Challenges and Needs
of the EU Energy System

ANNEX I: Research and innovation actions

Part II - Competitive, Efficient, Secure, Sustainable and Flexible Energy System



HEADING 5: Supporting Safe
Operation of Nuclear Systems and
Development of Sustainable
Solutions for the Management of
Radioactive Waste

Challenge 1: Safe and Efficient
Operation of Nuclear Power Plants

Challenge 2: Sustainability of Waste Management and Use of Fuel Resources

Challenge 3: Optimized Integration of Nuclear Reactors in Energy Systems

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NUGENIA overview

- NUGENIA is an international non-profit association founded under Belgian legislation in November 2011 and launched in March 2012
- Its mission is to be an integrated framework for safe, reliable and competitive Gen II & III fission technologies, which:
 - Fosters collaboration between industry, SMEs, RTOs, academia and technical safety organisations
 - Builds knowledge and expertise
 - Generates results with added value
 - Video summary





 103 full members and 7 honorary members from 26 countries (February 2016)

ESNII – European Sustainable Nuclear Industrial Initiative



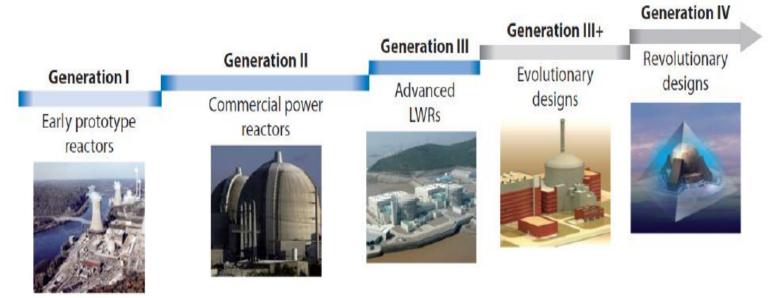
- European Industrial Initiatives (Ells) constitute key elements of Europe's SET-Plan. ESNII was formally launched at the SET-Plan Conference in Brussels on 15 November 2010
- ESNII addresses the need for demonstration of Gen-IV Fast Neutron Reactor technologies, together with the supporting research infrastructures, fuel facilities and R&D work.





Figure ES.1: Generations of nuclear power: Time ranges correspond to the design and the first deployments of different generations of reactors





Gen I		,	Gen II			Gen III		Gen IV	
1950	1960	1970	1980	1990	2000	2010	2020	2030	

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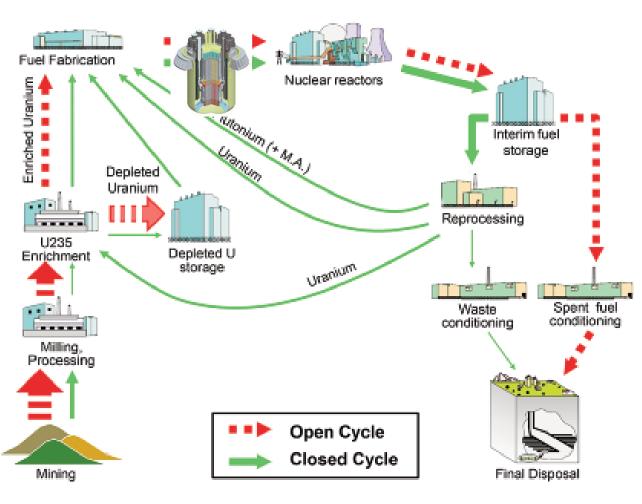
 SUSTAINABLE NUCLEAR ENERGY
 TECHNOLOGY PLATFORM

- Optimum use of natural resources
- Nuclear waste minimization
- Minimum impact on the environment

Fast reactors and closed loop fuel cyc SNETP SUSTAINABLE NUCLEAR ENERGY TECHNOLOGY PLATFORM

FROM SNE- TP





TO IGD-TP

Radiotoxicity drop with Gen IV TECHNOLOGY PLATFORM **Partitioning** U Pu AM 10.000 **Fuel Fabrication** U-Pu-AM **Fast reactor** III gen reactor U nat **Short** Long lived IV gen U depl lived residuals adwaste 1.000 Or ADS? **Exhaust fuel** Long lived waste 100 Geological repository **Natural barriers** Fission products 10 Short-lived radwaste ~340.000 years ~430 years Natural uranium \supset a. Surface repository **Artificial barriers** 0,1 100 1.000 10.000 100.000 1.000.000

Years

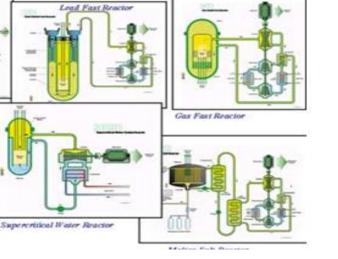


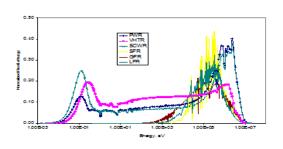
Radiotoxicit

Gen IV System Concepts







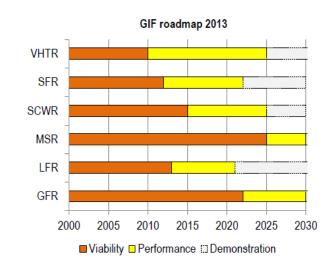


ENEN_Semhar, U. of Psa, Nov. 2007



GEN IV Reactor Concepts

Reactor concept	GFR.	LFR	MSR	SFR	SCWR	VHTR
Coolant	Helium	Pb or Pb-Bi	Molten salt	Sodium	Supercritical water	Helium
Spectrum (Ffast, T thermal)	F	F	T	F	T/F	T
Thermal efficiency (%)	48		44-50	42	44	50
Thermal power (MW)	~2400	125-3600	~2000	1500-4000	~3800	400-600
Power density (MWth/m²)	50 - 100	10 - 150	22	200-300	100	6-10
Pressure (bar)	70	1	1	1	250	
Temperature core inlet/outlet (°C)	490 / 850	400/550	565 / 700	400 / 550	280 / 510	640 / 1000
Fuel	Carbide or nitride	Nitride, Oxide (or metallic)	Molten salt (fluorides)	Oxide, carbide, or metallic	Oxide (UO ₂ , MOX)	Oxide or oxi-carbide
Fuel burnup (at%)	5-10	10-15		15-20	5	> 10
Fuel cycle	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	Open





Sodium Fast Reactor

Very High Temperature Reactor



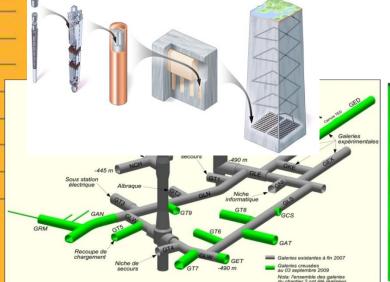
From new waste to geological disposal



Ground Level

- **Burn most of TRU / Minor Actinides**
- Reducing FP as much as possible
- **Reduci**ng of PuNon proliferation
- Improve stability of chemical and physical form
- Easy conditioning and storage
- Safe and economic geological disposal
- Average depth around m.500 and not m. 4000







GEOLOGIC PROFILE

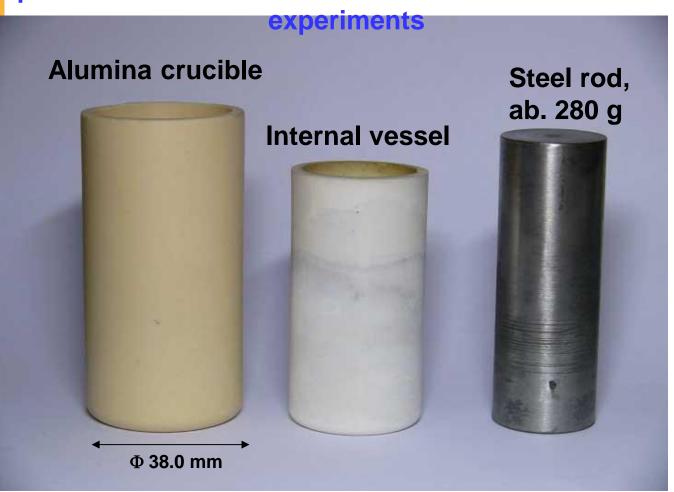
Feet

Surficial Sand

SODALITE matrix



Components used for labo. scale Pressureless Consolidation



Mix of nepheline, salt waste and glass frit between alumina crucible and internal vessel

SNETP related meetings



- Joint meeting of the SNETP ExCom and NUGENIA Excom 18/2/2016 (Paris)
- SNETP Governing Board 22/3/2016 (Brussels)
- NUGENIA General Assembly and annual Forum 2016 (with JHR) 5-7/4/2016 (Marseille)
- Next edition of Nuclear days and SNE-TP General Assembly – Bratislava -November 30th, 2016

SNETP's vision for the future



- Nuclear fission will continue to play an important role in the energy mix, whatever the scenario (Energy Roadmap 2050)
- Post-Fukushima R&D has been identified, including for the LTO of existing reactors
- SNETP fully aligns with the strategic objectives to support the utmost levels of nuclear safety and increase the sustainability of nuclear energy (radioactive waste minimization, optimization of the use of nuclear materials)
- In addition to national programmes SNETP counts on European legal and financial instruments (Horizon 2020, Structural Funds, EIB loans, EIT KIC InnoEnergy...) to foster joint programming and execution of R&D







IGD-TP 5th Exchange Forum

TWG3 - IEP IGD-TP/ SNETP

SNETP-ESNII

Generation IV reactors, related fuel cycle and disposal issues

M. Sepielli

SNETP Governing Board IGDTP-SNETP IEG

Kalmar (Sweden), October 27-30, 2014

Research & Technology Organisations

































































Industry









































































Thank you for your attention































































Technical Safety Organisations







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