

Collaboration on the Thermal Treatment of Waste

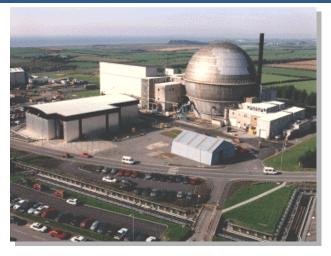
Charlie Scales, Sean Clarke, Mark Dowson & Anthony Banford

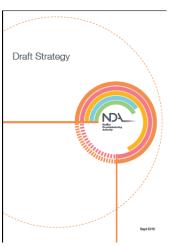
Presented by Anthony Banford IGDTP meeting London 3/4 Nov 2015

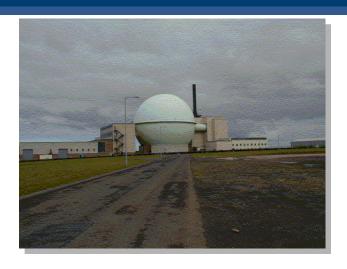


UK Waste Management and Decommissioning Challenges

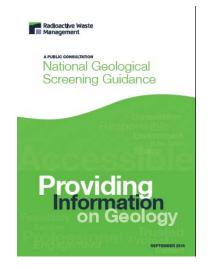


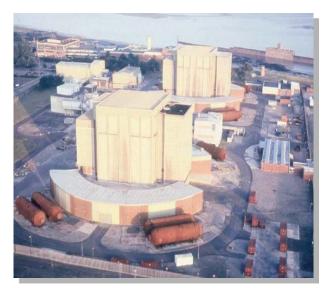












Waste Management Context



- Ongoing successful immobilisation of waste arising from operational plants
- At Sellafield for example:
 - Operational ILW is routinely cemented/grouted
 - High active liquor vitrified successful operation of High Level Waste
 Plants, with over 6300 containers produced





 However some legacy wastes provide significant challenges for the established immobilisation technologies

ILW challenge



SIXEP Magnox Sludge	1200m³ Magnesium salts
SIXEP Sand/Clino	1200m³ Clinoptilolote and sand
Magnox Pond Sludge	1350m³ Magnesium salts
Plutonium Contaminated Materials	16800m³ until 2020 - general process waste from alpha plants
Pile Fuel Cladding Silo	~2000 off 3m³ boxes swarf, metals, sludges
Future decommissioning wastes	81000 off 3m³ box equivalents concrete, brickwork & metals
Contaminated soils	~1600m³
Pond solids	~3100m³ Spent fuel, skips, isotope cartridges & zeolite
Miscellaneous orphans	Various
Pile Fuel storage pond waste	~ 350m³ Spent fuel pond sludge
Magnox Swarf Storage Silo	~10000m³ Various ILW forms from sludges to solids

Examples





Silo wastes from historic processing

Sludges from legacy facilities





Operational PCM

Strategic Perspectives



NDA Strategy 2 (2011)

 "We are exploring the possibility of developing alternative waste treatment capabilities to provide a more flexible and cost-effective approach to the management of HAW..."

NDA Integrated Waste Management Strategy 2012

 aims to enhance and diversify the UK's treatment capability for ILW.

Waste Increasing prevention Minimisation Strategic environmental impact Reuse preference Recycle **Energy recovery** Disposal

Safer, faster, cheaper, sustainably

Thermal Treatment



- Volume reduction
- Passivation
- Off gas



- Likely to meet repository requirements
- Enables very long term above ground storage
- In UK context –site and repository solution timing



- Potential reduction in wastes to deep disposal
 - Nature of product may make the case for sub surface disposal/storage of short lived ILW, thus reducing load on repository



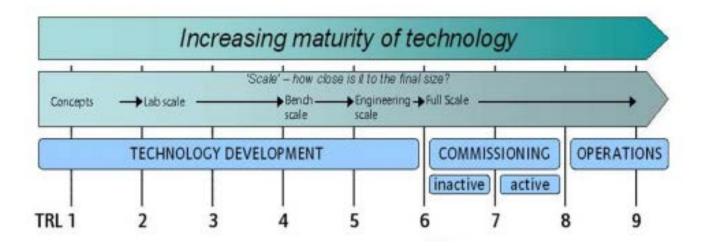
Thermal treatment offerings



- Sellafield Ltd have commissioned several in-active demonstrations aimed at key waste streams using simulants for:
 - Corroded Magnox sludge
 - Sand/Clinoptilolite
 - PCM
 - High metallic fraction wastes
- Demonstrations on varying selections of the above streams have been provided by:
 - Energy Solutions Joule Heated Melter Technology
 - Kurion Inc. Geomelt In Container Vitrification Technology
 - Costain/Tetronics Plasma Technology
 - Georoc Hot Isostatic Pressing Technology
- All technologies demonstrated feasibility

Technology Readiness Levels





There are many different interpretations of TRLs!

Technology Readiness Level (TRL)



- At Sellafield TRL is employed to determine the level of maturity
- Their TRL calculator calls for "active" development prior to TRL 6
 - TRL 4 Have laboratory-scale tests on a range of simulants and real wastes been completed?
 - TRL 5 Have bench-scale tests on a limited range of real wastes (using a prototypical technology element) been completed?
- Increasing TRL to at least 6/7 will cut ultimate time to market/deployment
- A platform is required to enable "active" demonstration of candidate technologies

Collaboration



An Integrated Project Team has been initiated -SL/NDA/NNL, but will involve other interested parties

- Drive to carry out "active" trials
 - Simulants doped to provide data on activity balances through process
 - Real waste initially low active, enhance with shielding
 - Process evaluation
 - Technology maturity demonstration
- Based in NNL's Central Laboratory – active facility



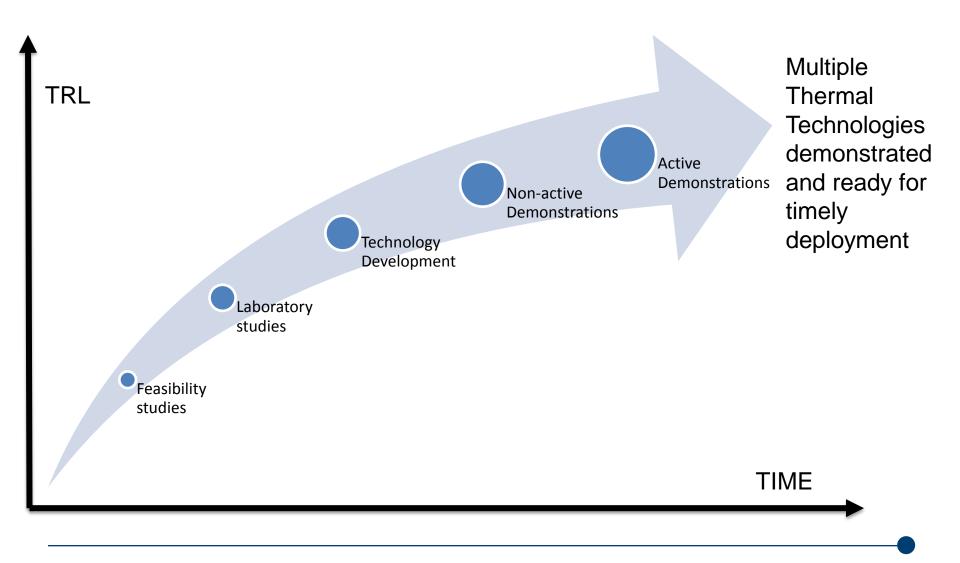
Vision



- Active facility housing multiple candidate technologies with a capability to process active waste feeds.
 - Start with low active and doped simulants
 - Progress to shielded equipment to enable enhanced activity
 - Potential to use existing fumehood/glovebox facilities to carry out R&D on lab scale where appropriate
 - Potential to use phase 3 hot cells to process significant quantities of ILW
- Provision of valuable data on
 - Technology maturity and process evaluation
 - Passivation of reactive metals
 - Volume reduction factors
 - Product quality
 - Off gas behaviour...

Schematically...





Approach to R&D

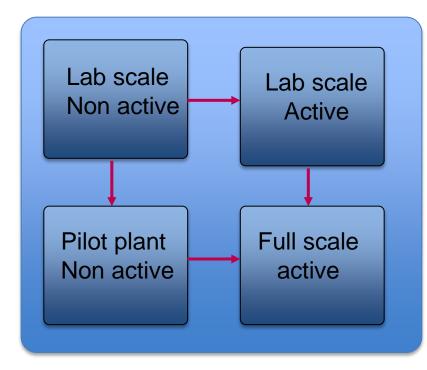


Active glove box experiments

Laboratory scale R&D







Full scale vitrification development facility



Sellafield site



Current planned active work



- As a result of an existing programme of work with Kurion Inc, NNL will install Geomelt technology in the rig hall in 2016
- An active melt planned in 2016 to demonstrate:
 - Mass and activity balance between melt and off gas
 - Determine operational characteristics with a view to optimise product and minimise activity lost to off gas
 - Characterisation will be carried out on active product

Rig hall facility will be available for testing a range of technologies



The future – Collaboration



- Thermal treatment has significant potential benefits for waste management and decommissioning
- Active demonstration of is a crucial stage in maturing these technologies
- Establishment of an Integrated Project Team will facilitate collaboration
- EURATOM Horizon 2020 collaborative R&D project would internationalise the benefits to all



Thank you for your attention

Facilities - Central Laboratory





Central Laboratory: An investment of over £250m in world-beating nuclear R&D facilities



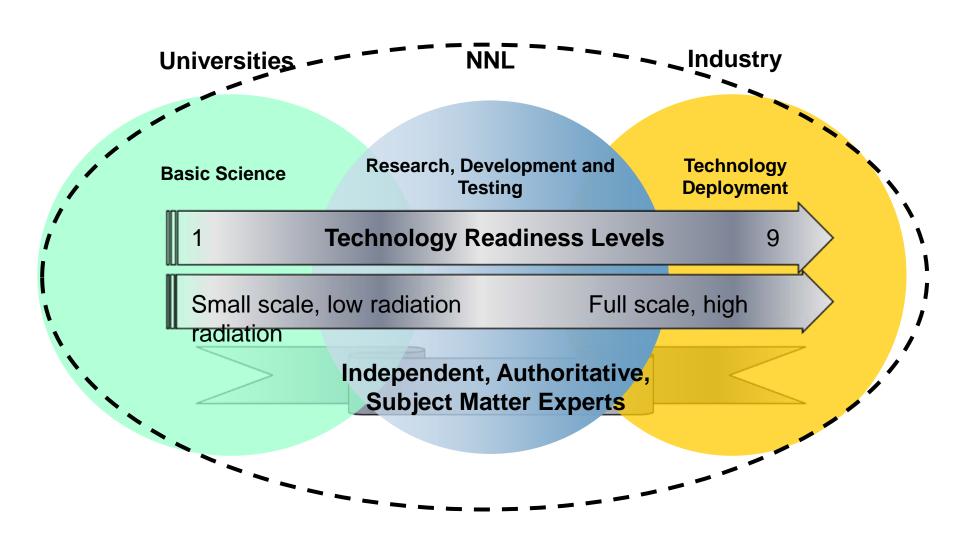
- Non active labs
- Active Labs
- High active alpha Labs
- Beta & gamma cells
- Plutonium and MOX facilities

- Solvent extraction glove-boxes
- Graphite labs
- Full scale test facilities



NNL / University / Industry – Greater Integration





Collaborative Research, Development and NUCLEAR Demonstration









